Dec y . p. gray

100 mm 100 201

CONTROL INTELLIGENCE ACEACT

PEFORT NO

impormation report

CO NO

CLU WHY

Fast Grassy

DATE OISTR.

SCOLECT

evel ment of a Small Dimension Accelerograph by NO OF PAGES

Clen with Technical Bureau No. 3 of SAG Kabel

FLACE ACQUIRED

25X1A

NO. OF ENCLS.

DATE OF INFO.

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

THE CONTROL OF THE PARTICLE OF THE STORE OF THE STORES OF

25X1X

The following is a translation of the technical specifications for Development Project No. 54 9, which is to be carried out in 1954 by the To entifie echnical Office for Device Construction(WTBG) (NTB-3) of SAG Kabel. The specifications were signed by Larionov.

Tabhnic conditions for the development of an accelerograph of upail inensi us.

## 1-- pose:

The purpose of the project is to dove op a device which measures and automatically records accelerations to which a moving bod; is subjected. Furthermore, the device is to record those accelerations which occur when a moving body strikes an obstruction or when a body starts its motion (discharge, shot, throw). 2/

## Technical conditions:

- 2. The device is to make it possible to record accelerations which occur through a change of the motion speed within a range of zero to 200 meters per second.
- Synchronized recording of the accelerations is to be performed an relation to three exes perpendicular to each other. The recorded components should make it possible to determine the amount and direction of the acceleration.
- In relation to three fixed axes perpendicular to each occer. the device will record the acceleration values which occur when the moving body strikes an obstruction or when it starts moving within the range of zero to 100 times the earth acceleration,
- Recording of the acceleration components occurring them the body strikes (beim Aufstoss) will be done in relation to three fixed exes, so that it will be possible to determine the emount

25X1A

CLASSIFICATION

SPORTT

SECRET



- 2 -

and direction of the coefficient of acceleration. The device will be equipped in such a way that it will also be possible to determine the time period during which the strike or start acceleration is effective.

- 6. Use of several writing devices and of several elements with different sensitivity is permitted. Parts may be exchanged mutually according to what use of the device is considered:
  - a) either to record the acceleration of the moving body
  - b) or to record strike and start acceleration.
- 7. The writing devices are to permit uninterrupted recording of the acceleration and of the time component of acceleration during 90 seconds at least. The recording method and the construction of the writing devices is left to the discretion of the constructors.
- 8. The dimensions of the device as such are not to exceed 200 x 150 x 100 millimeters. These dimensions do not include space needed for fixing frames or damping devices (Daempfungsglieder). The weight of the device as such is not to exceed eight to ten kilograms. Accurate indications of dimensions and weight will be established in the course of the developments.

## III. Acceptance conditions:

9. The method for testing the device (Pruesprogramm) will be established by the commissioned enterprise (Auftregnehmer) and coordinated with the commissioner prior to placement of the order. The constructor will, in the course of the levelopment, suggest test and standard installations for the testing of the functional qualities of the accelerograph. Tith the aid of these installations, the states and processes of motion (as set forth in points 1 and 2) are to be imitated on a test stand. Acceleration or deceleration values (as set forth in soint 4) which correspond to the desired conditions are to be set on the measurement gauges of the accelerograph. Before these installations and test stands are built, drawings of them are to be submitted to the commissioner so that (heir suitability can be studied.

## IV. Items to be delivered:

- 1. Model 1 sample
  2. Technical report 2 samples
  3. Description 2 samples
  4. Operational instructions 2 samples
  5. Test protocol 2 samples
  6. Spare parts 2 sets
- 2. After the technical specifications for a development project are given to RTEG 3, it usually formulates questions of its own for the purpose

SECRET

SECRET



- 3 -

of clarifying the specifications. The following are the WTBG 3 questions relating to the accelerograph project. WTBG 3 declared that answers to these questions and interpretations are absolutely necessary:

- 1. The basic request (point 2) is interpreted to mean:
  - a. the expressions "zero to 200 meter per second" or "zero to 720 kilometers per hour" mean the speed range in which the body can move;
  - b. the temporal change of this speed, that is, the acceleration, is to be measured as a multiple of the gravitational acceleration "g" (9.81 m/ seco).

In order to exclude misunderstandings, it is requested that the minimum and maximum values of the acceleration occurring during the motion be made known.

- 2. What is to be the position of the device within the moving body?
- 3. Concerning the power drives of the writing devices mentioned in points 6 and 7 above, the following questions must be answered:
  - a. Is a power source for the electrical drives of the writing devices already available or can a power source be carried with the accelerograph?
  - b. That kind of current is available or desired?
  - c. Which maximum output can be drawn from the source?
- 4. That special conditions are to be observed then the writing divices are cut in and cut out? Or: Which special conditions are to be observed at the beginning and the end of the measurement process proper:
  - a. for recording when the body is moving (points  $2_{\star}$  3 and  $6\epsilon$ )
  - b. for recording at strike and start (points 4 and 6b)?
- 5. That are to be the measurement accuracies and the measurement ranges of the sensitive recording elements with respect to the recording of the acceleration values in the direction of the individual axes? Separate answers are requested for the cases indicated under a and b in 4.
- 6. That are the smallest values of acceleration (in percent of the maximum value) to be recorded relative to the individual components (direction of motion or acceleration)? An answer to this question is important for the proper setting of the recording width of the diagrams (point 5).
- 7. The conditions set forth in point 6 are interpreted to mean:
  Not all measurement ranges of the various measurement elements of
  the accelerograph are to be for maximum values of acceleration up
  to 1,000 g (as requested in point 4). It is therefore, admissible
  to provide smaller measurement ranges of elements which can be
  exchanged with each other. If so, what are the minimum and measurement

SECRET

- 4 -



values of acceleration which the device must be able to record? Separate answers according to a and b in point 4. An answer to this question appears necessary for the protection of the measurement elements against damage which could result when they are used outside their measurement ranges.

- 8. That is to be the measurement accuracy for the determination of time when the recorded diagrams are evaluated:
  - a. for recording motion
  - b. for recording at strike and start?

The answer is necessary in view of point 4 for laying cut the disgram length and the operative speed of the writing devices.

- 9. Is it requested that both acceleration directions relative to cach axis be recorded during one and the same action? Or can the recording be done separately in succession; or can the recording be done separately for strike and start, for instance, through substitution of measurement elements prior to the beginning of the experiment?
- Nhat are the normal values of the currounding air at the place where the measurement device will be installed? That values are to be taken into consideration for the measurement process (pressure, temperature and humidity of the ambient air)? That changes of these values are allowed to occur during the measuring, that is, are supposed to remain within the error limits (measurement accuracy, see point 4) of the device?
- il. That mechanical vibrations of the foundation not supposed to disturb the measuring process are in existence at the place where the accelerograph is to be installed (frequency range, vibration acceleration)?
- 12. Will there be magneto-electric fields or other outside disturbances near the accelerograph against which the measurement device must be protected?

It is suggested that a representative of the commissioner come to the development enterprise prior to the ultimate placement of the order so that definite technical conditions can be established, and development difficulties and some points which are technically unclear can be coordinated.

25X1A Comment.

The specifications were originally drawn up in Russian and then translated into German . The German translation is extremely poor and equivocal couracy of the English translation can transference be guaranteed.

German text reads: Abzug, Abschuss, Abwurt,

SECRET